



**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT  
MIDDLE SECTION  
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE  
MAJOR DOMAINS OF THE EARTH**



**NAME:** \_\_\_\_\_ **CLASS/SEC: VI** **ROLL NO:** \_\_\_\_\_ **DATE:** \_\_\_\_/11/2018

S.NO

**I NAME THE FOLLOWING.**

- a. The narrow zone of contact between land, water and air. \_\_\_\_\_
- b. The gaseous layer that surrounds the earth. \_\_\_\_\_
- c. The solid portion of the earth. \_\_\_\_\_
- d. Second largest continent. \_\_\_\_\_
- e. Most plentiful gas in the air. \_\_\_\_\_
- f. Greatest depth in the World. \_\_\_\_\_
- g. The only Ocean that is named after a country. \_\_\_\_\_
- h. Longest mountain range in the World. \_\_\_\_\_
- i. Almost all weather phenomena occur in this layer. \_\_\_\_\_
- j. The pressure exerted by the weight of air on the earth's surface.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- k. Two Indian research stations in Antarctica are.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- l. Largest hot desert in the World. \_\_\_\_\_

**II FILL IN THE BLANKS.**

- a. Pressure \_\_\_\_\_ with increasing height.
- b. Australia is known as the \_\_\_\_\_
- c. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ were the first men who climb the Mt.Everest.
- d. The average height of the atmosphere is \_\_\_\_\_
- e. \_\_\_\_\_ is increased due to burning of fossil fuels.
- f. Arctic Ocean is connected with Pacific Ocean by a narrow stretch of water known as \_\_\_\_\_
- g. The combined landmass of Europe and Asia is called \_\_\_\_\_

- h. Wind always moves from \_\_\_\_\_ areas to \_\_\_\_\_ areas.
- i. North America is linked to South America by a narrow strip of land called \_\_\_\_\_
- j. 71% of the earth is covered with water, hence it is known as \_\_\_\_\_
- k. There is an \_\_\_\_\_ relationship between temperature and pressure.
- l. Moving air is known as \_\_\_\_\_
- m. The density of atmosphere is \_\_\_\_\_ at sea level.
- n. Water covers a very big area of the earth's surface and this area is called \_\_\_\_\_
- o. The large landmasses are known as the \_\_\_\_\_
- p. The first Indian woman to climb the Mt. Everest was \_\_\_\_\_
- q. The huge water bodies are called the \_\_\_\_\_
- r. Increase in the amount of Carbon dioxide will lead to \_\_\_\_\_
- s. \_\_\_\_\_ separate Asia from Europe.
- t. The percentage of fresh water available on earth is \_\_\_\_\_

**III MATCH THE FOLLOWING.**

S.NO	COLUMN A	S.NO	COLUMN B	ANSWERS
1	Largest Ocean	a	River Nile	1-
2	Longest river	b	Pacific ocean	2-
3	Largest river	c	Triangular shape	3-
4	Indian ocean	d	River Amazon	4-
5	Pacific ocean	e	S shaped	5-
6	Atlantic ocean	f	Circular shape	6-

**IV ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN TWO POINTS.**

MARKS

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. What is atmosphere?                                       | 2 |
| 2. Why carbon dioxide is essential for living organisms?     | 2 |
| 3. What are the main constituents of Earth's atmosphere?     | 2 |
| 4. Differentiate between Strait and Isthmus?                 | 2 |
| 5. Define wind. How does it move?                            | 2 |
| 6. Define Continent. Name the major continents of the earth. | 2 |

- 7. Why Australia is known as the “Island Continent”? 2
- 8. Which are the different layers of the atmosphere? 2
- 9. Define Ocean basin. Name the five major Oceans. 2
- 10. Why do climbers experience breathing difficulty at high altitudes?

**V ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN THREE POINTS.**

- 11. Why Atlantic Ocean is the busiest Ocean route? 3
- 12. What is global warming? 3
- 13. Describe Lithosphere. 3

**VI ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN FOUR POINTS.**

- 14. Why do we have water scarcity even if 71% of earth is covered with water? 4
- 15. Why is Biosphere important for living organisms? 4

**VII OBSERVE THE WORLD MAP AND LABEL CONTINENTS AND OCEAN BODIES.**

A. ASIA	B. AFRICA	C. NORTH AMERICA	D. SOUTH AMERICA
E. ANTARCTICA	F. EUROPE	G. AUSTRALIA	H. PACIFIC OCEAN
I. ATLANTIC OCEAN	J. INDIAN OCEAN	K. ARCTIC OCEAN	L. SOUTHERN OCEAN

